



## Demographic Data for Northumberland

Providing up to date relevant demographic data is essential when applying for grants and other funding opportunities. The information below provides a range of data sources that enables you to draw together social and economic data about your area.

### Northumberland Knowledge

Provides information and intelligence about the resident population, the places where they live and the key social and economic themes for the county. It is produced by Northumberland County Council.

You can access information by the following topics: Population, Health, Business and Economy, Housing & Quality of Place & Community Wellbeing. Bulletins are produced on these topics where changes have taken place. Find statistics on the county's population, including demographics, Census data, resident insight & customer profiles. Obtain statistics for a range of geographies including localities, beauty spots, wards, towns and parishes.

<http://www.northumberland.gov.uk/Campaigns/Knowledge.aspx>

### 2011 Census

The census has been taken every ten years since 1801 (with the exception of 1941). It forms the most comprehensive data set on the population and its characteristics and is used to inform policy and spending decisions, identify community needs and shape local priorities.

The most recent census was undertaken by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on 27th March 2011. Statistics from the Census help paint a picture of the nation and how we live.

2011 Census statistics are published on the ONS website: [www.ons.gov.uk/census](http://www.ons.gov.uk/census)

### Neighbourhood Statistics

This provides datasets that describe the characteristics of a neighbourhood, with a particular focus on deprivation.

Geography is a key component of Neighbourhood Statistics. There are many different geographic unit types, [administrative](#), [health](#), [electoral](#), [postal](#) etc. and their boundaries are subject to frequent revision.

In most cases it is possible to obtain data for [wards](#) and [parishes](#) even though data are not routinely published at this level on Neighbourhood Statistics. 'Best fit' estimates are available by aggregating data from smaller geographical areas.

Statistics include census data, data on crime and safety, economic deprivation, education, skills and training, health and care, housing, indices of deprivation and classification, incomes and lifestyles, population and migration, physical environment and work deprivation.

## **NOMIS – Official Labour Market Statistics**

Nomis is a service provided by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) to give you free access to the most detailed and up-to-date UK labour market statistics from official sources. Data includes population statistics, employment and unemployment, economic activity, employment by occupation, qualifications, earnings by residence, out of work benefits, jobs (total jobs and employee jobs), earnings, businesses.

Profiles are available at local authority, ward, Local Enterprise Partnership, and 2010 parliamentary constituency levels.

<https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/>

## **Health Profiles**

Health Profiles have been developed by Public Health England (PHE) to improve availability and accessibility of health and health-related information. The Profiles provide a snapshot overview of health for each local authority in England. They are intended to help local government and health services make plans to improve local people's health and reduce health inequalities. Health Profiles include a set of indicators that show how the area compares to the England average. These include some factors that affect health and some important health outcomes. They are reviewed each year to reflect important public health topics. Health Profiles are presented as pdf documents and online interactive maps, charts and tables. The pdf documents are updated annually. For further information see

[www.healthprofiles.info/](http://www.healthprofiles.info/)

[Current 2015 Profile](#) (1.4 MB) Northumberland Health Profile 2015

[Current 2015 Profile](#) (138 KB) Northumberland Child Health Profile 2015

## **The 2015 Indices of Deprivation.**

The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015 is the official measure of relative deprivation for small areas (or neighbourhoods) in England. It is based on seven different domains of deprivation, income, employment, education, skills and training, health, deprivation and disability, crime, barriers to housing and services, living environment. Each of these domains is based on a basket of indicators from the most recent time point available.

The Index of Multiple Deprivation ranks every small area in England from 1 (most deprived area) to 32,844 (least deprived area). It is common to describe how relatively deprived a small area is by saying whether it falls among the most deprived 10 per cent, 20 per cent or 30 per cent of small areas in England (although there is no definitive cut-off at which an area is described as 'deprived').

To help with this, deprivation 'deciles' are published alongside ranks. Deciles are calculated by ranking the 32,844 small areas in England from most deprived to least deprived and dividing them into 10 equal groups. These range from the most deprived 10 per cent of small areas nationally to the least deprived 10 per cent of small areas nationally.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/english-indices-of-deprivation-2015>

The research report is at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/english-indices-of-deprivation-2015-research-report> and an interactive map is available at - <http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/idmap.html>

More information including previous indices at <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/english-indices-of-deprivation>

## **ONS Well Being Statistics**

September 2015 saw the release of the latest ONS personal well being statistics for the UK and includes interactive maps and charts:

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/rel/wellbeing/measuring-national-well-being/personal-well-being-in-the-uk--2014-15/index.html>

This release presents the latest findings on personal well-being from the fourth Personal Well-being Annual Population dataset for April 2014 to March 2015, with analysis by country, region and local areas and individual characteristics and circumstances. The analysis also looks at year-on-year changes since 2011/12, when the personal well-being data was first collected.

Northumberland Community Voluntary Action (Northumberland CVA) has access to a wide range of resources to help with your funding or grant applications. For more information, advice and support email [enquire@northumberlandcva.org.uk](mailto:enquire@northumberlandcva.org.uk) or call 01670 858688.